SINGER 245-3

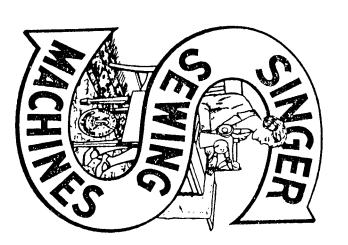
INSTRUCTIONS

FOR USING AND ADJUSTING

SINGER SEWING MACHINE

245-3

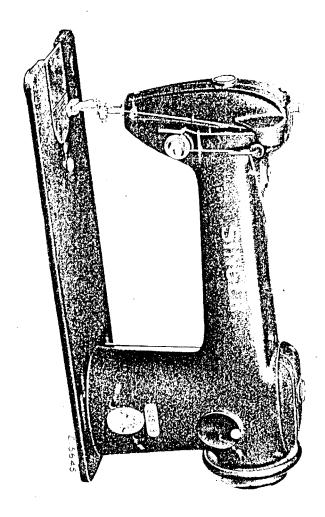
NAVY TYPE "B"



SINGLE NEEDLE

LOCK STITCH

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.



DESCRIPTION

lock fittings. gears which are grease-lubricated through fabrics. stitch machine The Singer 245-3 is a high Ιt has ည rotary hook, designed for driven by stitching speed, single Alemite-Zerk heavy weight spiral bevel needle,

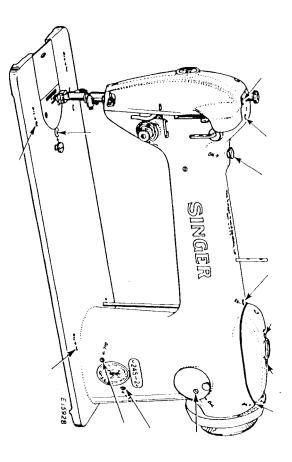
optionally when presser foot lift is needle The machine makes bar stroke specified. 3/8 is S from 5½ inch regularly 15/32 inch and the t o 30 stitches 0 7/16 per max1mum inch. inch

SPEED

The pending balance The on the nature of the maximum speed wheel turns recommended is toward material the operator. 3500 R. P. M., being stitched.

LUBRICATION

MACHINES" where IEATHER) " for general use, Use only Singer "OIL FOR HIGH SPEED SEWING MACHINES (CLOTH AND a stainless or "STAINLESS OIL FOR HIGH SPEED SEWING oil is desired.



F1g. 2. Front View of Class 245 Machine 01ling Points

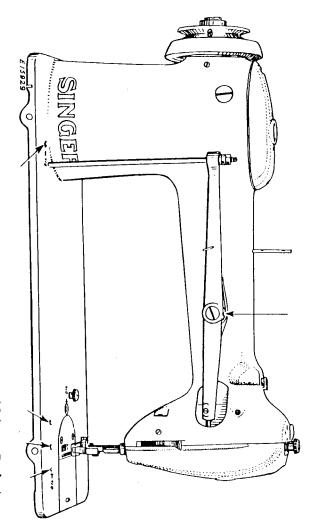


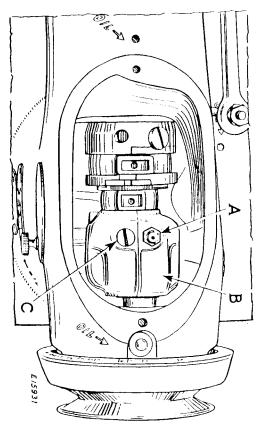
Fig. 3. Rear View of Class 245 Machine Oiling Points

oiled at In Figs. 2, 3 and 6 and, when used continuously, Apply oil through all oil holes least four times daily. indicated by the unlettered arrows the machine should be

Keep all wicking saturated with oil.

Printed in U.S.A.

sufficient Singer Gear Lubricant for approximately 160 (B, Fig. 4) and (F, Fig. 5) with Singer Gear Lubricant When the machines leave the factory, the gear cases Every 160 hours of operation thereafter, replenish the gear cases marked for use with hours are packed with 0, opera-



F1g.4. Top View, Arm Top Cover Removed. Upper Gear Case Lubrication.

Class 245 Machines), (3 oz.)capacity) or Singer Grease Gun 121588 using, for this purpose, (1/2 lb. capacity). Singer Grease Gun 121587 These

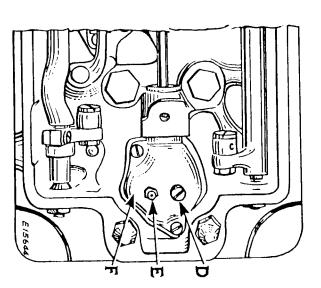


Fig.5. Lower Gear Case Lubrication.

grease gun, move cover screws which extra be roughly checked by observation the hole at enough to cause it to overfill the gear grease lubricant is SCIEW through the apply lubricant After making certain that the level hole ct O charge. guns are supplied on order at fitting (A, Fig. 4). <u>G</u> the machine hole and <u>0</u> issuing from the grease fasten Take arm at The case, SCTeW (C) out the arm quantity can through t o p emerge nor apply arm the and (C, F1g. cover. Replace Do not from t WO the top

Lay the machine back on its rear side and remove level hole screw (D, Fig.5) and apply lubricant through grease fitting (E, Fig.5) in

the ance wheel while applying same manner CAUTION: To and avoid overfilling in the same grease quantity as the gear cases, through these for gear case do not turn the balgrease fittings. (B, F1g. 4).

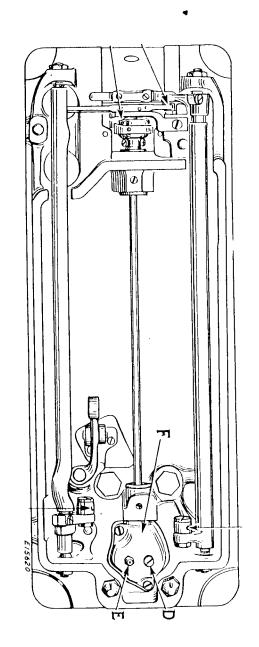


Fig. 6. Oiling Points in Machine Bed.

case holder At least bearing in the four times each sewing hook race, day apply ONE DROP of oil to as shown the in Fig. 7. nlddod

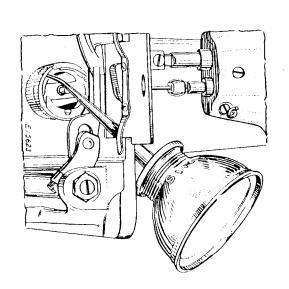


Fig. 7. Oiling Point in Hock Race.

7 the throat plate, CAUTION: Never oil the sewing hook race through the needle nor flood the hook with oil. hole

Needles

Needles for this machine are as follows:

Machine	Class and Variety	Sizes
245-3 with 3/8" presser bar lift	16x257	8,9,10,11,12,13,14,16,17, 18,19,21
245-3 with 7/16" presser bar lift	16 x 261	13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21

with chromium finish if ordered. The above needles are regularly nickel finish but are available

eye of the needle, will interfere with the successful use of the maor uneven thread, thread which must pass freely through the eye of the needle. chine. The size of the needle to be used is determined by the size of the or thread which passes with difficulty through the Rough

NUMBER, Orders for needles must also the CLASS and VARIETY NUMBERS separated by specify the QUANTITY required, an x. the

The following is an example of an intelligible order:

"100 No. 16, 16x257 Needles"

Λq the The Singer Sewing Machine Company. best stitching results will be obtained with needles furnished

Thread

left Left twist thread should be used in the needle. twist thread can be used in the bobbin. Either right or

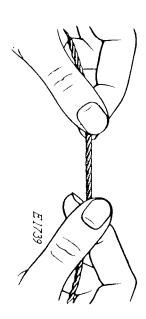


Fig. 8. How to Determine the Twist

strands will wind between the thumb and forefinger of the right hand; if left twist, Hold the thread as shown above. tighter; **}⊸** +•6 right twist, Turn the thread over toward you the strands will unwind.

₹ 70 lative Size S 0 Needle ഗ and Thread

t 0 the The class following of work: sizes of needles and thread are recommended according

Sizes of Needles	Classes of Work	Sizes of Cotton, Linen Silk or Nylon
14	Shirtings, Sheetings, Calicoes, Muslins, Silks, Dress Goods and all classes of general work.	60 to 80 Cotton A and B Silk or Nylon
16 and 17	All kinds of heavy Calicoes, light Wool- en Goods, heavy Silk, Seaming, Stitch- ing, etc.	40 to 60 Cotton C Silk or Nylon
11 8	Tickings, Upholstery, Woclen Goods, Trousers, Boys' Clothing, Cloaks, etc.	30 to 40 Cotton D Silk or Nylon
19	Heavy Woolens, Tickings, Bags, Heavy Coats, Trousers, Heavy Clothing, gen- erally.	20 to 30 Cotton E Silk or Nylon 60 to 80 Linen
55	Bags, Coarse Cloths and Heavy Goods.	18 to 20 Cotton 40 to 80 Linen

Hints for Perfect Operation

without cloth under the presser foot. Do not run the machine with the presser foot resting on The balance wheel must always turn over toward the operator. the feed

Do not run the machine when both bobbin case and needle are threaded

unless there is material under the Do not try to help the machine by pulling the presser foot. fabric lest you bend

the chine is in operation. needle. The slide over the bobbin case should be kept closed when the ma-The machine feeds the work without assistance.

ation, Do not press on the knee lifter დ დ this might prevent the work from lever while the machine feeding properly. is in oper-

NEVER TOUCH THE STITCH REGULATOR PLINCER WHEN THE MACHINE IS RUNNING.

To Remove the Bobbin

its highest Turn the balance wheel over toward you until the needle moves up to position. Draw out the slide in the bed of the machine.

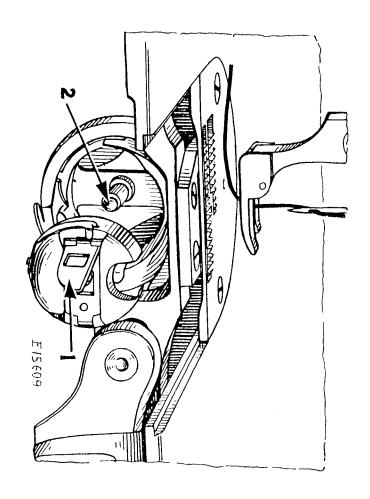


Fig. 9. Removing the Bobbin.

Open move the bobbin the bobbin case case latch from the sewing hook (1, Fig. 9) and, by means of this latch, re-

downward and bobbin case. While the the bobbin will drop out. Release the latch, turn the open end of latch remains open, the bobbin will be retained in the भाग bobbin case

To Wind the Bobbin

(See Fig. 10)

belt when sufficient thread has been wound upon the front of the machine belt, so that the pulley will drop away from the Fasten the bobbin winder to the table with its driving pulley in bobbin.

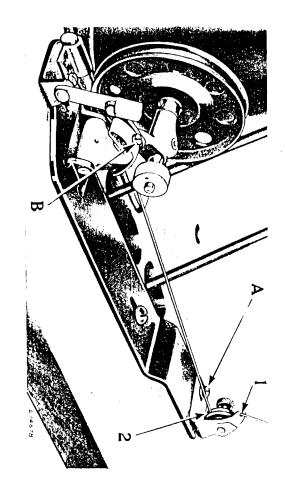


Fig. 10. Winding the Bobbin.

far W111 the bobbin on the bobbin winder spindle 80. and push it on as

machine. the bobbin winder pulley over against the machine belt and start the Then wind the end of the bracket, Pass the thread down through the thread guide (1) in the tension around the back of, and between, thread around the bobbin the tension ρ few times, discs (<u>8</u>) push

winder will stop When sufficient thread has been wound upon the bobbin, automatically. the bobbin

A may be required, in the the thread does not wind evenly on the bobbin, tension bracket and move the bracket then tighten the screw. to the right or left loosen the screw

To wind more thread on the bobbin, thread on of thread wound on the bobbin is the bobbin, turn this tum regulated by the screw screw outward. the screw (B) inward.

Bobbins can be wound while the machine is stitching.

To Thread the Bobbin Case

thumb

and

forefinger as shown in

Of

the

on the

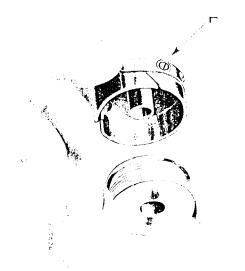
drawing

the

left

on the toward

Hold the bobbin between the



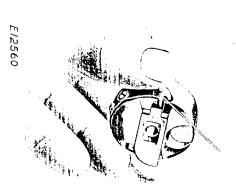
right hand, a the thread bottom from the right.

F1g. 11

with the left hand, hold the bobbin case as shown in Fig.11, the slot in the edge being near the top, and place the bobbin into it.

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F1g. 12



F1g. 13

Then pull the thread into the slot in the edge of the bobbin case as shown in Fig. 12, draw the thread under the tension spring and into the delivery eye at the end of the tension spring (see Fig. 13).

To Replace the Bobbin Case

bobbin case on After threading, take the bobbin case the center stud (2, Fig. 9) of the bobbin case holder; Уď the latch and place

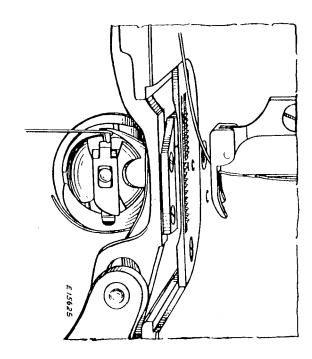


Fig. 14. Bobbin Case Threaded and Replaced

about two inches of thread to hang free, and replace the slide the bed of the machine. catches the groove near the release the latch and press the bobbin end of the case stud (see back until the latch Fig. 14).

To Set the Needle

will go, with the moves up to its highest position; loosen the screw in the lower end eye of the needle tighten the screw. the needle Turn the balance wheel over bar directly in line with the long groove of the needle toward the left and the and put the needle toward you until the needle up into the bar as far as arm of the machine, then bar <u>|</u>

Upper Threading

the machine, the thread from right from the unwinder, to left through the OF. from the pin on top hole <u>(1</u> the in the top of

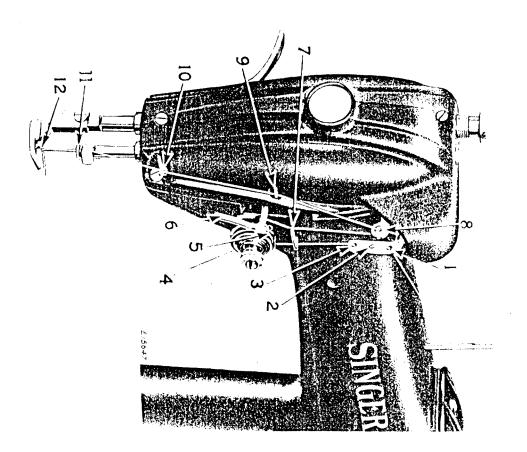


Fig. 15. Upper Threading

up and from right to left thread retainer, from left to right through the center hole slack thread regulator (6), (3) take-up lever (8), tension discs thread eyelet in the thread retainer, thread retainer, down under and from right to left between (4), (10),down through the thread guide and from right to left through the into the thread take-up spring (5), under the down through guide through the hole in the up and back of the wire thread guide (11) on the needle clamp, end of the thread (9), down through bottom hole (7),

two and sewing. from left inches of thread to right through through the the needle eye with which еуе (12) of the needle. to commence Draw about

To Prepare for Sewing

⊢• slack With from the left the hand hand, t 0 hold the end of the needle the needle, turn the balance wheel over thread, leaving

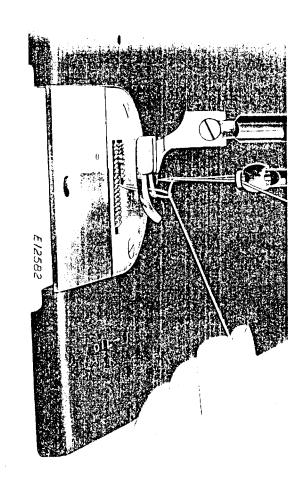


Fig. 16. Drawing Up the Bobbin Thread

throat plate position, thus toward you until the needle the (see catching the thread will Fig. 16). come bobbin thread; draw up the needle Lay both threads back under the presser moves up with it down and up again to its highest through the hole Ħ thread

To Commence Sewing

foot and commence to sew, turning the balance wheel over toward you. Place the material beneath the presser foot, lower the presser

To Remove the Work

goods. presser foot, draw the work back and cut the threads close to the thread take-up lever rest at its highest position, raise

Tensions

locked For ordinary stitching, in the center of the thickness of the material, thus: the needle and bobbin threads should

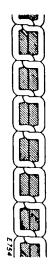


Fig. 17. Perfect Stitch

along the upper surface of the material, the bobbin thread is too loose, the needle thread will lie straight If the tension on the needle thread is too tight, thus: or if that on

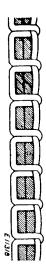


Fig. 18. Tight Needle Thread Tension

along the needle thread is too loose, the bobbin thread will lie straight If the tension on the bobbin thread is too tight, the under side of the material, thus: or if that on



Fig. 19. Loose Needle Thread Tension

To Regulate the Tensions

nut THE PRESSER FOOT IS DOWN. to increase small thumb over to the THE TENSION nut the left. at the front of the tension discs over to the right ON THE NEEDLE THREAD SHOULD BE REGULATED ONLY WHEN tension. Having To decrease lowered the presser foot, the tension, turn this thumb turn the

crease the tension, turn this screw over to the left. (L, Fig. 11) in the tension spring on the outside of the bobbin case. increase The tension on the bobbin thread is regulated by the large screw tension, turn this screw over to the right. To de-

usually be obtained by varying the tension on the needle thread. When the it is seldom necessary to change it, as a correct stitch can tension on the bobbin thread has been once properly ad-

ての Regulate the Pressure 0 the Materi

pressure on the material is regulated by the thumb screw Ö increase the pressure, turn this thumb screw over to

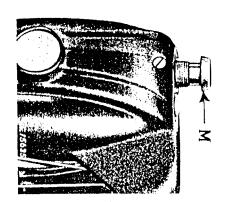


Fig. 20. Regulating Pressure on the Material

left. right. To decrease the pressure, turn this thumb screw over

To Regula . te Length 0 Stitch

balance wheel To change slowly, stitch length, press the plunger (N, Fig. 21) and by hand, until the plunger drops into a notch in tum

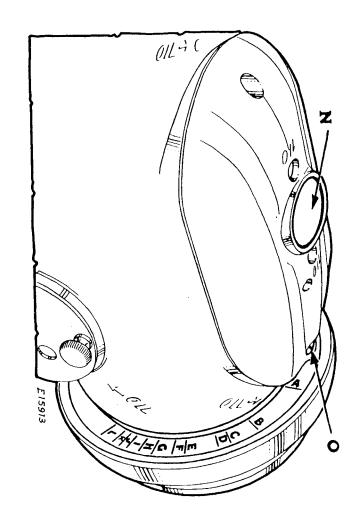


Fig. 21. Stitch Regulator

the the or decrease the length of stitch which is indicator plate being opposite the screw at (0). feed eccentric. Then turn the wheel forward or backward to increase indicated by the letters on

setting approaches the stitches The indicator plate is are longer as भ्या letter letter "A" lettered is approached, from "A" to "L" inclusive. and shorter as the The

When the desired setting is obtained, release the plunger.

CAUTION -Never press the plunger (N) while the machine ļģ. But umn

O Adjust the Thread Take-up Spring

the еуе The 0, thread take-up spring the needle reaches (R, Fig. 22) the goods should be set so that when on the downward stroke of

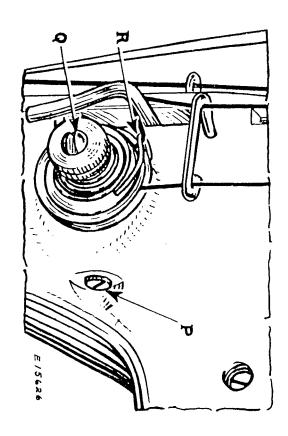


Fig. 22. Adjustment of Thread Take-up Spring

spring or to the left for less movement. the tension stud (Q, Fig. 22) to the right for more movement of the loosen the set screw (P, Fig. 22) against ly set, securely tighten the set screw (P). needle bar, the take-up spring is not correctly set, as instructed above, the stop on the thread take-up spring regulator. spring will be through acting and will rest in the arm of the machine, When the spring is correctand turn If the

needle thread until the eye of the needle reaches or to the left to decrease the tension. turning the tension stud (Q) to the right to take-up spring should be just sufficient descent. The tension on the thread take-up spring (R) is regulated by to take up the The tension on the increase the goods the tension, slack of the in its thread

Feed Eccentric Stop Screws

also be used. permits determined maximum by the (7 per inch) or 140258, The machine Feed eccentric a maximum length is prevented stop of 5½ stitches per inch. for stop screw (S, Fig. 23) screw from making longer stitches than a 14 stitches 140257, furn1shed per inch in the feed eccentric. with the machine, Stop screw 140256 01 shorter, precan

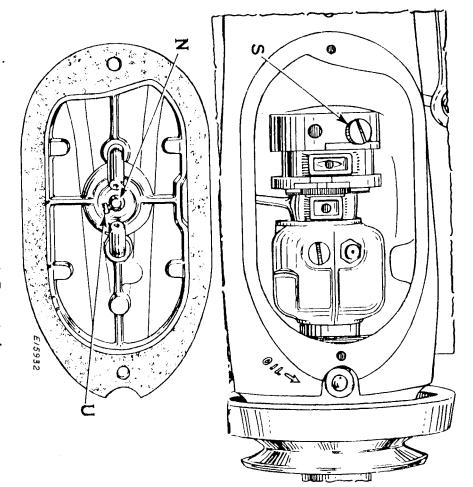


Fig. 23. Feed Eccentric

10 Prevent Operators from Changing Stitch Length

screw (U) which will allow the unauthorized or accidental inserting length has been adjusted. The stitch regulator plunger (N, Fig. 23) can be removed to prevent a screw 140317X The (not regular equipment). changing of nole plunger to be withdrawn when the stitch in the arm should then be filled by the stitch length. Take out

5 Set the Needle Ваг <u>ц</u> the Correct Height

|-| will go, then remove that the needle t he ß pushed up into the needle bar as face plate. far as

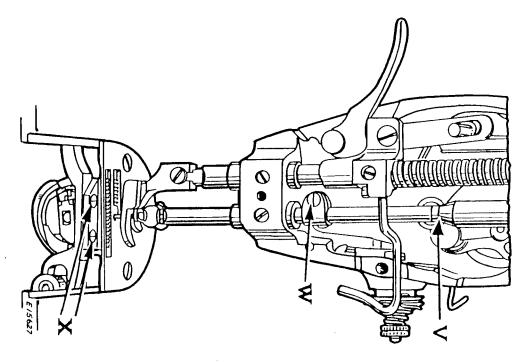


Fig. 24 Needle Bar Set at Correct Height

securely tighten screw needle bar up or down until bar is not set at the coring, end of the needle bar busht 0 the the nas sh1pped end of the needle bar bushing, as shown at (V), centered with the lower rect height, loosen screw (W, Fig. 24) and move the centered with the lower in the machine its lowest position. UPPER TIMING MARK 1s needle bar should then needle bar moves two timing marks near UPPER balance wheel until The s S In case the needle from the needle shown at (V) in TIMING MARK on bar when then (¥)

In the event that the setting of the needle bar bushing has been disturbed, thus making it impossible to set the needle bar for correct height by center-

at the top of the machine arm and, while the hook point securely tighten screw (W). turn the balance wheel to bring the hook point to the ing the upper timing mark with the lower end of the needle bar bushing, even with the LOWER TIMING MARK on the needle center of the needle and 1/32 the top of the needle eye 1/32 inch below the point of the hook, then needle, tighten the needle bar bushing set screw. the needle bar bushing up or down to bring its lower end exactly loosen screw (W) and move the needle bar up or down to bring Loosen the needle inch above the top of bar bushing set screw bar, the needle eye, then securely center of the is at

To Time the Sewing Hook

Take out the two screws Remove presser foot, (X, Fig. 24), slide plate, and remove feed dog. throat plate and bobbin case.

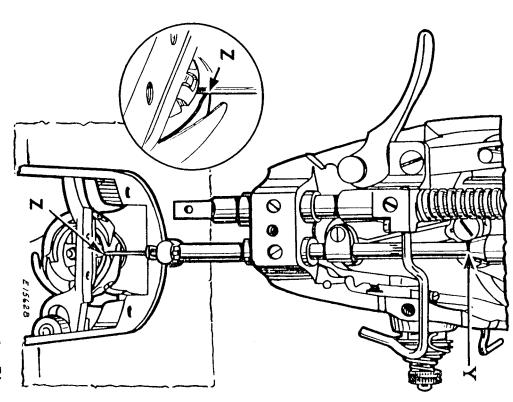
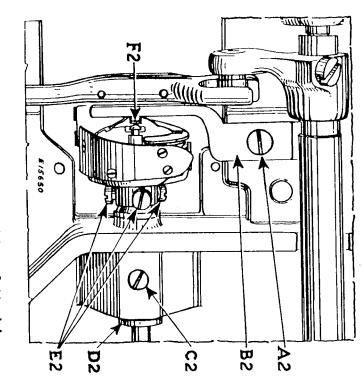


Fig. 25. Needle and Sewing Hook Correctly Timed

point of the hook should be at the center on its upward stroke. the needle bar bushing as shown at (Y,Fig. ∞) when the needle bar is LOWER TIMING MARK on the needle bar is centered with the shows in the machine, (Z, Fig. 25). To determine that the hook is correctly timed, place a new needle this position of the hook point relative then turn the balance wheel over toward you until the The inset in circle at the left of Fig. 25 plainly With the needle bar of the needle as shown in this position, to the needle. lower end of the

from the top of the machine bed through the opening left (E2, Fig. 26) in the hub of the hook. In case the hook is not correctly timed, loosen the three These three screws can be bу the rereached SCIEWS



Showing F1g. 26. Bobbin and Adjustments V1ew Case of Underside of Machine Holder on Machine Position Bracket

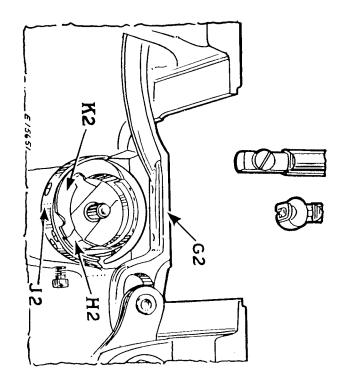
the moval of the throat screws, one at a in Fig. 26. machine bed. they can be screws are shown Rotating the balance wheel easily reached with a screwdriver from the time, plate, although, only in the directly under the throat plate opening where V1eW of the underside of of the machine will bring for purposes of illustration, top of the the machine

bring the point of the hook at the (Z, F1g. 25), After loosening the then tighten the three three screws (E2) turn the hook on its center of the needle as screws (E2). shown shaft

damage the bushing, until the hook just clears the 26) and drive the bushing from 1t, touching. the The hook should be set as close as three loosen the three screws (E2) If the hook is screws then securely tighten (E2). (D**2, Fig. 26**) too close needle, being very careful not to to the needle or in or out, and the bushing screw (C2, Fig. possible to the needle without the as may be bushing screw too required, far away (02)

Remove and Replace the Sewing Hook

(A2, F1g. 26) Remove the needle, and remove slide plate and bobbin the bobbin case holder position bracket case. Take out the screw (B2, F1g.



F1g.27. Bobbin Showing Case Holder Correct for Removal of Sewing Position of Thread Guard and Hook

unt11 the thread guard from the Fig. 27) is raised to its highest position. Fig. 27, position shown in Fig. 27. the hook shaft. turn the balance wheel over toward you until the feed bar Loosen the three set screws and turn the bobbin case holder (K2, Fig. 27) until it is (J2, Fig. 27) is at the bottom, The sewing hook can (E2, Fig. 26) in the hub of the hook, Turn the then be ន្ស sewing hook shown removed (G2, ĺn

guard turned to the position shown in Fig. 27, When placing a new sewing hook (J2) of the (G2). hook at the bottom and the bobbin case holder on the so that the shaft, have hook will clear the thread (K2)

careful to see that the position stud (F2, Fig. 26) top (K2, Fig. 27) until the notch of the bobbin case holder, as shown in Fig. 26, the bobbin case hook is in position on the shaft, turn the bobbin holder position bracket (H2, Fig. 27) is at enters (B2, Fig. 26) being the then securely

When draw the hook shaft toward the needle the needle and time the sewing hook as instructed on pages the shaft. press the fasten the position bracket by means of the screw (A2, F1g. 28). tightening the three screws hook toward the balance wheel to take up the end play in Then replace the bobbin case and slide plate. (E2, Fig. 26) in the bar end of the machine and hub of the hook, 20 Replace

Remove and Replace the Sewing Hook Shaft

two then wipe the grease screws Remove the sewing (L2, Fig. 28) and remove the cover of the gear case from the hook as instructed on page 22. gears. Take out the

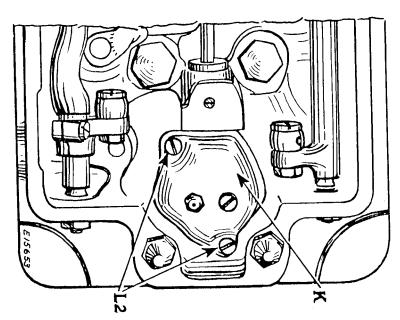
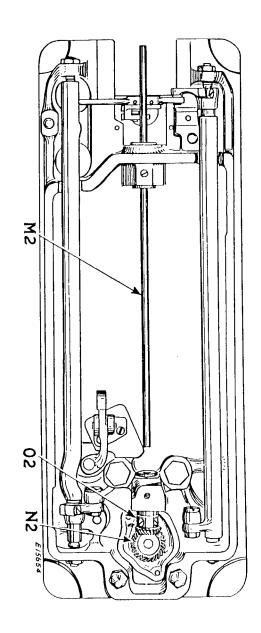


Fig. 28. Removing Lower Gear Case Cover for Hook Shaft Removal

of the hook shaft, to insure that, in case comes displaced, (N2, Fig. 29) on the upright arm shaft. NOTE is good practice it can be given its original meshing with the to mark these the gears, gear (02, F1g. 29) before removal

gears gears of the machine, Loosen the in mesh, (02) and two set screws in the gear withdraw the hook shaft (RR) ន្នន indicated in mesh, insert the replacement shaft through in Fig. 29. (M2) from the sewing hook Then while (02) and, while holding still holding the the end the



F1g.29. Removing and Replacing Sewing Hook Shaft

the the side of the body of the sewing hook. with the front set so that its gear (left hand) bearing, flat (02). When inserting the (02) will bear against it when tightened. portion to le ft hand end is flush with the the the right rear so that one of the replacement (right hand) bearing and through shaft, have front The shaft should two screws in (left hand) the end

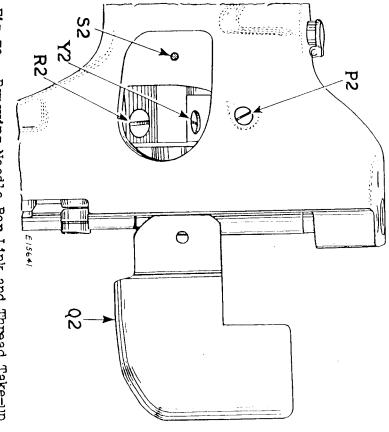
instructed on pages 20 screws in the gear against shaft the flat S correctly positioned, securely tighten the two portion on the shaft. (02), making sure that one of these and 21. Time the sewing hook as two screws

SCIEWS Replace the gear (L2, Fig. 28). case cover and fasten 1t in place with the two

て Remove and Replace Needle Bar Link and Thread Take-up

thumb and presser bar lifting and releasing Remove screw, face plate, needle, presser bar spring, needle clamp, presser bar, lever bracket. presser bar slide bracket needle bar, presser bar

24 the upper ı Be end of the careful not presser to lose the small washer which is positioned bar spring.



F1g. 30. Removing Needle Bar Link and Thread Take-up

set (Z2, Fig. 31) down to its lowest position, loosen the needle bar bushing screw (V2, Fig. 31) and remove Turn the balance wheel to bring the needle bar connecting link this bushing by driving it downward.

opening in the above illustration. presser bar has been removed. illustration, is the thread take-up link hinge stud. (S2, Fig. 30) which fastens the guard plate needle bar crank; clamping screw (R2, Fig. 30), then loosen set screw (Y2, Fig. 30) in Remove This guard plate, the presser bar lifting lever to removed through the face also loosen the set screw (P2, Fig. 30) which holds shown withdrawn from the machine in above This guard plate normally closes the Through this opening loosen, The complete take-up assembly, of the machine after the (Q2, Fig. 30) to the machine gain access to the screw

from the including the needle bar connecting link and stud, can then be removed face of the machine.

thread) (U2, Fig. 31 and 32). rately after Note that the needle bar connecting link (Z2) can removal of the needle bar and the hinge screw (left hand be removed sepa-

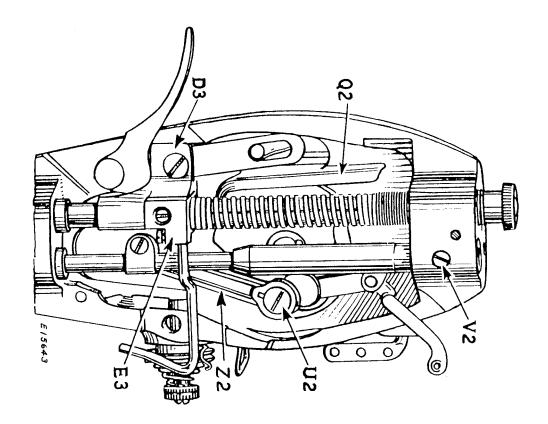


Fig. 31. Showing Parts in Correct Positions in Face of Machine

is replaced, that this slide block is in its slideway in the Fig. 32) is on the end of the needle bar connecting clamping screw (R2, Fig. 30). firmly tightening the set screw (Y2, Fig. 30) and then tightening shown in Fig. 32; To replace, reverse the foregoing operations for removal, first as shown in Fig. 32), with the oil hole (X2) facing outward; also that the needle bar connecting link (Z2) Make certain that the slide block face link stud, of the machine (W2, the and

up crank also that (B3, F1g. 32) the wearing plate and with its (AS, Fig. 32) is replaced on the open end straddling the projecting thread take-

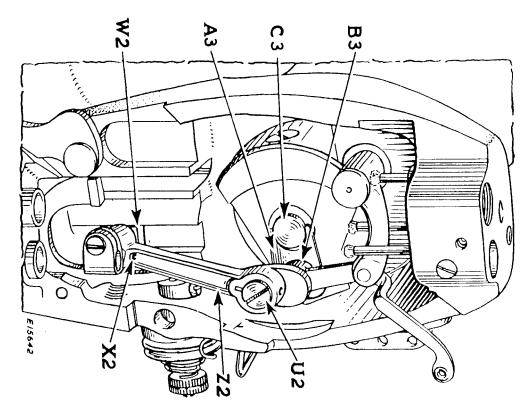


Fig. 32. Removing Needle Bar Connecting Link and Thread Take-up (Presser Bar and Needle Bar Already Removed)

bracket the presser bar thumb screw. is in place the positions shown in Fig. 31. lever bracket of the arm shaft at (E3, Fig. 31) rests upon the presser bar lifting and releasing on the upper end of the presser bar spring before (D3, Fig. 31) and that these (C3, Fig. 32); also that Also make sure two parts are that the presser the small washer replaced in bar slide inserting

19. the needle bar and the needle bar bushing ე ე instructed g

ming 0 the Feeding Mechanism

it may be necessary to alter the timing of the feed eccentric, the timing screw should be removed and the eccentric locked in the deeccentrics are correctly set by having the timing screws in the ecsired position by means of the set screws only. centrics enter the grooves in the arm shaft. If, for any reason, When the machine leaves the factory, the feed and feed lifting